Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago	
I. POPULATION									
1. Total Population		De facto	De jure (modified)	De jure	De facto	De jure	De facto	De facto (modified)	
2. Population by age groups (0-4, 5-9, 10-14,75-79, 80-84, 85+)		available	available	available	available	available	available	available	
II. FAMILIES AND HOUSEHOLDS									
1. Population by martial status and age group	Age group	Personal status of individuals within the country in relation to marriage laws - age 15+	Personal status of individuals within the country in relation to marriage laws - age 15+	Personal status of individuals within the country in relation to marriage laws - age 15+	married, widowed, divorced, legally separated, never married - age 15+	Legal union of persons of opposite sex - age 16+	Legal status of persons of aged 15+ all persons	Personal status of each individual enumerated in relation to marriage laws of T&T - age 14+	

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago
2. Population by union status	coverage	Types of relationships for persons other than those who are now married and living with their spouse	not reported	relates to living arrangements of females in households - female (15-64) female in hh	available - all persons (15+)	Non-legal relationship between persons of opposite sex - all persons 16+	Actual status of persons of aged 15+ all persons	Type of relationship in which females 14 years and over has been engaged
3. Total Fertility Rate (births per woman)	Age group (15-49)	Estimate number of children a cohort of 1000 women would bear if they all went through their reproductive years exposed to the age specific fertility rates in effect at a particular time - age 15-49	Average Number of children that would be born alive to a woman (or a group of women) during her lifetime, if she were to pass through all of her childbearing years conforming to the age specific fertility rates of a given year	Average number of children that would be born to a woman during her reproductive lifetime (15-44) years	Average Number of children that would be born alive to a woman during her lifetime, if she were to experience the prevailing agespecific fertility rates during her childbearing years age 15-49 years	Average Number of children a woman will have based on prevailing age specific fertility rates - age 15-49 years	Completed family size if fertility rate in a given year remained unchanged	Estimate number of children a cohort of 1000 women would bear if they all went through their reproductive years exposed to the age specific fertility rates in effect at a particular time - age 15-49

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago	
4. Contraceptive use by union status, age group, rural/urban, type 5. Household by size and head of household	head of household	not reported Head of hh: person acknowledged as such by the members of the household	not reported Head of hh: person acknowledged as such by the members of the household	not reported	Number of females currently using sterilization, oral injections, rhythm/billings, condoms, IUD and other - women age (15 - ?) Head of hh: Person accepted as the head by the other members of the household	Contraceptive is a device or method used to prevent pregnancy-women (15-49) and young men (15-25) Person who is recognised as such by the other household members	Person recognised as such by the respondent	Person carries the main responsibility in hh.	
111. WORK1. Labour Force Participation Rate by age group	Age group	available - age (16-60)	available - age 15+	available - age 15+	available - age 14+	available - age 14+	available - age (15-64)	available - age 15+	

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago
2. Unemployment Rate by age group	Reference period for unemployed	(1) did not work during last week (2) temporarily absent during reference, but actively seeking for work in the 4 weeks prior to reference week (age 16-60)	(1) did not work during last week (2) temporarily absent during reference, but actively seeking for work in the 4 weeks prior to reference week (age 15+)	who were without work, currently available and seeking for work during reference week (age 15+)	who were without work, currently available and wanting for work during reference week (age 14+)	who were without work, currently available and wanting for work during reference week (age 14+)	persons actively looking for work during reference period (age 15-64)	(1) without jobs and seeking work during last week (2) without jobs who looked for work some time during the three months period but not during survey week- age 15+
3. Employed population by employment status		Persons who worked during last week (2) who worked without pay in family business for at least one hour - age 16-60	Persons who worked during last week (2) who worked without pay in family business for at least one hour - age 15+	Persons worked for pay or profit during specific reference period -age 15+	persons worked for at least one hour for wage or salary, payment in kind - age 14+	persons worked for at least one hour for wage or salary, payment in kind - age 14+	Persons engaged in the production of goods and services - age 15-64	(1) who worked for pay during survey week (2) who absent from work excludes seasonal workers) (3) who worked without pay for family business, or learner

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago]
4. Employed population by occupation	Classification of occupations	available	available	Barbados Standard Occupational Classification (BARSOC) based on 1988 ISCO	available	available	available	available	
5. Employed population by industry	Classification of Industries	available	available	BARSIC - sugar industry is included.	available	available	available	available - sugar industry is included	
6. Employed population by urban / rural	Urban and rural definitions	available	not reported	not reported	available	Available. For Jamaica is place is classified as urban if it possesses a population of 2,000 or more persons and provides a number of amenities and utilities that in Jamaica indicate modern living. Rural is not defined any that that is not classified as urban is regarded as rural.	available	not reported	

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago]
7. Employed population by martial status	marital status	available	available	not reported	not reported	not reported - can be derived	available - for female	available - for female	
8. Employed population by hours worked per week	hours of worked by intervals	not reported	(1) hours worked per week (2) hours usually worked per week; 1-8, 9-15, 16-32, 33-44, 45+	available	Hours worked; 0, 1-19, 20-34, 35-39, 40-54, 55-69, 70-84, 85+	Hours worked; < 9, 9<17, 17 <25, 25<33, 33<41, 41<49, 49+	available	Hours worked; none, <1, 1-8, 9-16, 17-24, 25-32, 33- 40, 41+	
9. Population not in the labour force by activity and age	inactivity status	school, retired, at home, unable to work, other	school, retired, at home, unable to work, other	kept house, at school, retired, incapacitated, other	not reported	Can be derived.	not reported	not reported	
10. Employed population by educational attainment	Educational levels - educational attainment	No schooling, primary, high school, college/university, technical / vocational	No schooling, primary, high school 1-3, high school 4+, college/university. 1-2, college /univ. 3+, technical /vocat.	None, primary, secondary, university, Tech./Voc., other	Primary, secondary, post secondary, university	No exams, CXC basic, 1-2 CXC/GCE 'O', 3-4 CXC/GCE 'O', 5+ CXC or 1-2 'A' levels, 3 'A' levels, Degree	not reported	No education, primary, secondary: - no subjects; 1-4 subjects; 5+, University: no degree; degree, educated in foreign country	

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago]
11. Share of women in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector	women in paid employment	can be derived	can be derived	can be derived	can be derived	can be derived			
IV. ECONOMY									
1. GDP growth rate									
2. GDP per capita									
3. Average monthly earnings by occupation (groups)		not reported	not reported		not reported	Can be derived	available	available	

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago	
4. Income earners in households by sex of head of household		Total annual receipts of personal incomes to all persons in the household and includes payments for production, I.e. wages and salaries, tips commissions, income from self - employment, earned rent, dividends and interest receipts	Total annual receipts of personal incomes to all persons in the household and includes payments for production, I.e. wages and salaries, tips commissions, income from self -employment, earned rent, dividends and interest receipts		can be derived	can be derived	Heads of households working for a wage or salary	can be derived	
V. EDUCATION									İ
1. Literacy rate 15- 24 and 25+ years	Definition of Literacy rate	not reported	not reported		% of persons aged 14+ who have at least completed stand. V (Gr. 7)	Literacy is the ability to read, comprehend, write and compute to the grade 4 level	Illiterate: persons 14+ with les than 6 years education	not reported	

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago]
2. Population 10 years and over by level of education		not reported	not reported	not reported	available	available	available	available	
3. School enrolment in primary level	Grade and age group	Grade 1 through Grade 6 - primary age group 5-11	Grade 1 through Grade 6 - primary age group 5- 10	Age group 5 -	Infant I to standard VI - primary age 5-12	Grade 1 through Grade 6 - primary age group 6-11	Grade 1 through Grade 6 - primary age group 5-11	Age group 5-11	
4. School enrolment in secondary level	Grade and age group	Grade 7 through Grade 12 - secondary age group 12-16	Grade 7 through Grade 12 - secondary age group 11-16+	Age group 12 - 17	Form I - Form IV - aged 13-17	Grade 7 through Grade 11/13 - secondary age group 12-16/18	Form I - Form V - aged 12-16	Age group 12-16	
5. School enrolment in tertiary level		College - aged 15+	University / college -	not reported		Persons registered in institutions offering tertiary level training	1 to 3 years	not reported	
6. Progression, repetition and drop-out rates at primary/secondary level	progression rate					pupils reaching grade g+1 in year t+1 as a % of pupils enrolled in grade g in year t.			

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago]
	repetition rate	not reported	not reported	not reported	Number of pupils repeating in primary divide by Number of pupils in primary * 100	pupils repeating grade g in year t+1 as a % of pupils enrolled in grade g in year t.	not reported	not reported	
	drop-out rate	not reported	not reported	not reported	Number of pupils dropped in primary divide by Number of pupils in primary * 100	pupils dropping out from grade g in year t as a % of pupils in grade g in year t.	not reported	not reported	
7. Drop-out rates by reason at primary/secondary		not reported	not reported	not reported	not reported	not reported	not reported	pupils who have not been enrolled in school since the beginning of school year	
8. Tertiary level enrolment by field of study									

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad &
indicator/statistics	reference							Tobago
9. Enrolment in vocational training	qualifying age for training	person 13 year & over trained for jobs in various trades requiring special skills	person 16 year & over trained for jobs in various trades requiring special skills			persons registered for training in a specific programme - students 17+		
10. Teachers in primary/secondary/third level of school								
11. Net enrolment ratio in primary education		Number of students 5-11 years enrolled at a primary level institution			Number of students aged 5- 12 enrolled in infant 1 to stand. VI (Gr. 1 - Gr. 8) in relation to total Number of children aged 5- 12	Enrolment of the aged 6-11, at Gr. 1-6 expressed as a% of aged 6-11 population	Number of pupils on register % enrolled based on actual population	Total enrolment population in primary divided by population total (specific)year into 100 - not currently prepared

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago]
12. Proportion of children starting Grade 1 who reach Grade 5					Number of pupils in Gr. 5 during period (n) as a % of the Number of pupils in Gr. 1 during (n-5)	% of a cohort of pupils enrolled in 1 st Gr. Of a given level or cycle of education in given school year who are expected to reach Gr. 5	% of Gr. 5 persons who survived from Gr. 1	Statistic not currently prepared.	
13. Ratio of girls to boys in primary, secondary and tertiary education					girl enrolment divided by boy enrolment	Number of girls at a specific level divided by Number of boys at same level - also known as gender parity index			
14. Ratio of literate females to males of 15-24 years old		not reported	not reported		Number of literate of females divided by Number of males into 100		Number of girls compared to boys with less than 6 years of schooling		

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago	
15. Performance at Secondary and Tertiary Levels									
VI. HEALTH									
1. Life expectancy at birth		Expected average Number of years to be lived by a new born, assuming a fixed schedule of age- specific mortality rates	Expected average Number of years to be lived by a new born, assuming a fixed schedule of age-specific mortality rates	Average number of years expected to be lived by a newborn baby under specific set of age- specific mortality rates	Average Number of years a newborn is expected to live if he or she is to experience the prevailing agespecific mortality rate	Average Number of years a newborn baby can expect to live	Number of years one can expect to live depending on the year of birth	Average Number of years of live a new born infant may be expected to live under the schedule of agespecific mortality currently in effect.	
2. Life expectancy by 5 years age group						Average years of life remaining to a person who has attained age x.	Number of years that each age-group can expect to live	Average Number of years a person may be expected to live given the age group	

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago
3. Infant mortality rate		Deaths that occur before the first birth year	Infant deaths are those which occur before the first birthday has been attained (death under age of 1)	Deaths to infants under 1	Number of infant deaths expressed per 1000 live births	Number of deaths of persons under 1 year per 1000 live births	How many infants (under 1) who died in a given year per 1000 births in that same year	Number of deaths of infants under 1 year per 1000 live births
4. Under-five mortality rate		Deaths to children under 5 years	Deaths to those aged 1-4 years		Number of deaths 0-4 yrs. Divided by Number of live births into 1000	Number of deaths of persons under 5 yrs. In a particular year by 1000 live births	deaths to persons 1-4 years	Number of deaths of children less than 5 years old per 1000 population less than 5 years old
5. Maternal mortality ratio		Number of maternal deaths that occurred among population during a given year by Number of live births which occurred during same year by 10000	Number of maternal deaths that occurred among population during a given year by Number of live births which occurred during same year by 10000		Number of deaths of women from pregnancy- related causes per 100,000 live births	Number of women dying as a result of complication of pregnancy or child birth in a particular year by 100000 live births	Death to women due to pregnancy and childbirth complications	Number of deaths of women due to complications of pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium per 100000 live births

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago	
6. Births attended by trained personnel by type of occupation							Attendants during birth according to the level of professional competence	Trained refers to doctors and midwives. Data are collected.	
7. Population with disabilities by type of disability			A person who is unable to ensure, wholly or partly, the necessities of a normal individual and/or social life, as a result of a deficiency either congenial, or not, in his/her physical or mental capabilities. (to be classified as disabled, person should have had the condition for at least six months)	Disability / major impairment - the complete or near complete (75%) absence of a given body function		Census 2001 defined disability as any restriction or lack of ability in the manner or within a range considered normal for a person of that age	Person who is unable to take care of himself or herself wholly or partly		

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago	
8. Mortality rates by cause of death and age		Deaths from specified cause divided by the mid-year total population age-group by 100000 - (International Classification of disease -ICD -10)	Deaths from specified cause divided by the mid-year total population age-group by 100000 - (International Classification of disease -ICD -10)			Number of deaths due to a specific cause per 100000 mean population of that year.	Deaths by specific cause using ICD 10	Death by cause per 100000 population in the age groups	
9. Access to safe water			not reported		% of the population with reasonable access to safe water supply	Safe water would be categories used in the Census under access to water			
10. Access to sanitation		Type of toilet facility - flush toilet with septic tank, pit latrines, other, none	Type of toilet facilities	% of population with reasonable access to sanitary means of excreta and waste disposal		Flush toilet linked to sewer, flush toilets not linked to sewer, pit latrine/VIP, other, none		categories found to be good sanitation are divided by total Number of dwelling units	

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago
11. Hospitals/clinics per 1,000 persons		Number of hospitals beds divided by the mid-year total population by 1000	Number of health centers divided by the mid-year population times 1000				Number of hospitals, health centers divided mid-year population times 1000	
12. Physicians per 1,000 persons		Number of physicians divided by the mid-year population times 1000	Number of physicians divided by the mid-year population times 1000		Number of physicians divided by the total population times 10000		Number of physicians divided by mid- year population times 1000	
13. Knowledge of HIV/AIDS by age and education			Number of persons who have knowledge of definitions of and differences between HIV/AIDS, transmission and prevention, by educational level and age group				Number of persons who have knowledge of definitions of and differences between HIV/AIDS, transmission and prevention, by educational level and age group	

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago
14. Persons treated for HIV/AIDS by level of education and age								8
15. Number of newly confirmed cases by risk group exposure category and age group			Number of exposed infants, commercial sex workers, men who have sex with men, drug users/abusers, heterosexual and blood recipients who tested positive for HIV for the first time with 2 Elisa antibody by standard age group					
16. Health personnel trained in HIV/AIDS care and management by profession		Number of health care providers who have been trained in HIV/AIDS care and management	Number of health care providers who have been trained in HIV/AIDS care and management				Number of health personnel who received training in HIV/AIDS care	

	point of	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad &
Indicator/Statistics	reference *	Tinigua & Darbuaa	Danamas	Durbudos	Benze	bumuleu	Sum Luciu	Tobago
17. Mortality from HIV/AIDS by age, occupation, rural/urban		Number of HIV/AIDS related deaths by age group and place of residence	Number of HIV/AIDS related deaths in each age group and occupation and place of residence					All persons who were diagnosed as having dies from HIV disease
18. HIV/AIDS mortality as a percentage of total mortality		Proportion of HIV/AIDS related deaths out of the total number of deaths during a given period	Proportion of AIDS related deaths out of the total number of deaths which occurred during a given period of time				Proportion of AIDS deaths of total deaths	Number of persons dying from HIV in year into total deaths in year times 100000
19. Cumulative total of HIV/AIDS by age group		Total of Number of persons infected with HIV/AIDS from 1985 to the last completed year by age group	Total of Number of persons infected with HIV/AIDS from 1985 to the last completed year by age group				Total Number of HIV/AIDS from beginning to end of age	

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago
20. Crude birth rate (per 1,000 persons)		Total Number of live births per 1000 mid- year population	UN definition is used		Total Number of births expressed as 1000 population	Births registered in a year per 1000 mean population of that year		All products of conception, which showed signs of life after expulsion from mother's wombs - live births in year x divided total population in year x times 1000
21. Crude death rate (per 1,000 persons)		Total Number of deaths per 1000 mid-year population	UN definition is used		Total deaths expressed per 1000 population	Deaths registered in a year per 1000 mean population of that year	Deaths per 1000 population	Number of deaths in year x divided by total population in year x times 1000
22. Proportion of 1 year old children immunized against MMR, DPT, OPV & TB		Number immunized divided by target population by 100	Number immunized divided by target population times 100		Number of infants immunized against MMR, DPT, OPV or TB expressed per 100 times		Number immunized divided by target population times 100	

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago	
23. Contraceptive prevalence rate					% of currently married women of reproductive age who are using (or whose partner) use a method of contraception				
24. Number of children orphaned by HIV/AIDS			Children under 15 years of age whose mother or both parents are deceased (the Bahamas use 17 years and under HIV/AIDS children)				Children whose parents died as result of AIDS		
VII. CRIME									

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago]
1. Crime rates by type of crime		Number of crimes by type of crimes during a given year divided by mid-year population for the same year times 1000					Type of crime divided by population times 100	Crimes per 1000 population	
 Crime by urban/rural Injury by urban/rural Reported cases of domestic violence 									
5. Victims of violence by type of crime and age6. Offenders by type of crime and age									
7. Convictions by type of crime and age									

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago]
8. Employed in judicial professions (lawyers, judges, police, prison personnel etc.)							All judicial persons in public and private sector		
VIII. DECISION MAKING									
1. Members of Parliament		Number of persons at the lower and upper houses	Individuals who are either members of the house of Assembly or the Senate, must be a Bahamian citizen 21 years of age or over residing in the country approximately 1 year prior to elections		House of representative and Senate				
2. Persons in high managerial positions in public and private sector including selected public order and safety occupations									

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago	
3. Population voting in parliamentary elections		Citizens must be 18 yrs. And over and be registered to vote	Bahamian citizen must be 18 yrs. And over and be registered to vote				Citizens must be 18 yrs. And over and be registered to vote		
4. Selected Senior- Level Positions in the Government Service			persons who advise government on policy matters, oversee and monitor the implementation of government policies				policy makers		
5. Persons employed as Legislators, Senior Officials and Managers			persons who advise government on policy matters, oversee and monitor the implementation of government policies						

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago	
6. Persons employed		Employers and own	Employed are all who						
by status in employment		account workers	worked at least 1 hour						
 Employers and Own 		operating their own	during survey week as						
Account Workers		business	well as those with jobs						
			but did not work. (on						
			leave, on strike, ill,						
			holidays, temporary lay						
			off)						
IX. POVERTY									
1. Proportion of			Proportion of the			poverty line is calculated	persons with		
population below \$1			population whose			by using a basic basket	expenditure		
per day (PPP- values)			consumption			of food and essential	below \$1		
			expenditure was below			non-food items.			
			\$1 per day						

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago]
2. Poverty gap ratio [incidence x depth of poverty]			Distance of the poor below the poverty line as a proportion of the line		Average proportionate distance of the poor from the poverty line	Mean depth of poverty as a proportion of the poverty line	distance of poor below the poverty line		
3. Share of poorest quintile in national consumption		Z-scores of the weight for height for children <5 years	National consumption expenditure, consumption expenditure of poorest quintile				lowest fifth		
4. Prevalence of underweight children (under five years of age)			Underweight is if the Z-score for the weight for height was =< -1, for children 2-5 years				Children born underweight - below 2499 grams at birth		

Indicator/Statistics	point of reference *	Antigua & Barbuda	Bahamas	Barbados	Belize	Jamaica	Saint Lucia	Trinidad & Tobago
5. Proportion of population below minimum level of dietary energy consumption (indigent)			Minimum level of dietary is the cost of the basket of goods which satisfies acceptable nutritional requirements				categories used 2000 calories and above 2000 calories	